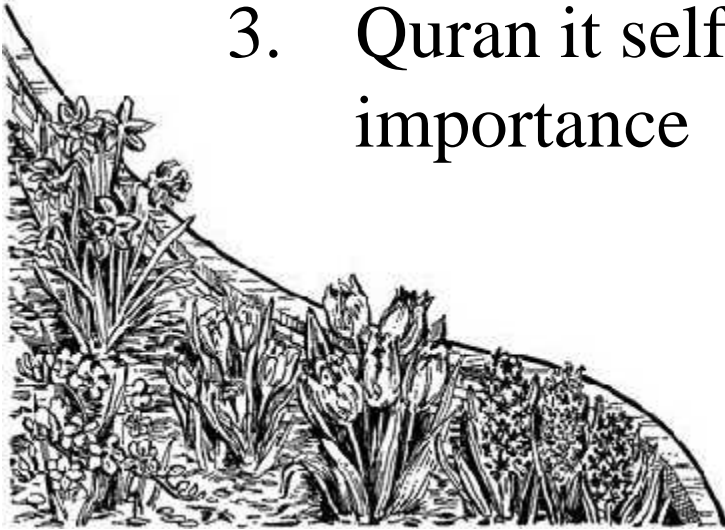



Islamic Studies

Lecture 8: Introduction to Hadith



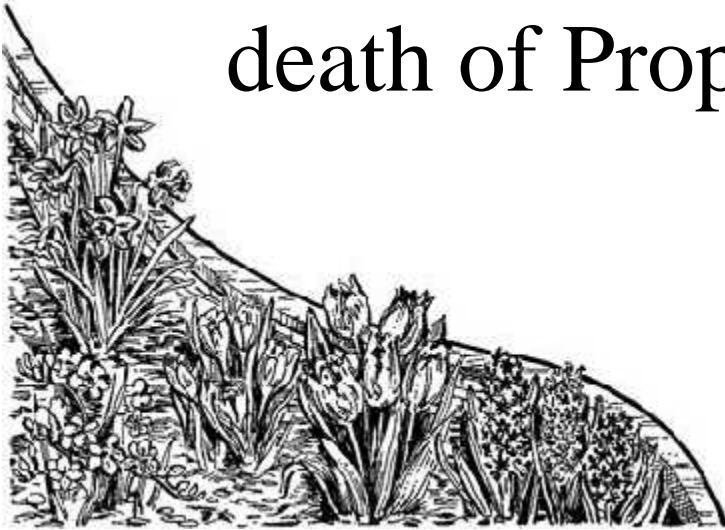

Introduction to Hadith

- Literal and technical meaning of hadith
 - Importance of hadith
 1. Explanation of Quran
 2. Quran is in need of Hadith
 3. Quran it self discusses its importance
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- 




Introduction to Hadith

Doubts of rejecters.

1. Prophet forbade to write it.
 2. Quran is enough for guidance.
 3. Haddith was written long ago death of Prophet.
- 
- 



Introduction to Hadith

- Synonymous words of Hadith
 - Sunnah ,khabar,athar.
 - Hadith al Qudsi .
 - Structure of Hadith.
- 



Structure of Hadith

Sanad:

حدثنا الحميدى عبد الله بن الزبير
قال حدثنا سفيان قال حدثنا يحيى
بن سعيد الانصارى قال اخبرنا
محمد بن ابراهيم التيمى انه سمع
علقمة بن وقاص الليثى يقول

Matan:

انما الاعمال بالنيات



عنه :





Introduction to Hadith

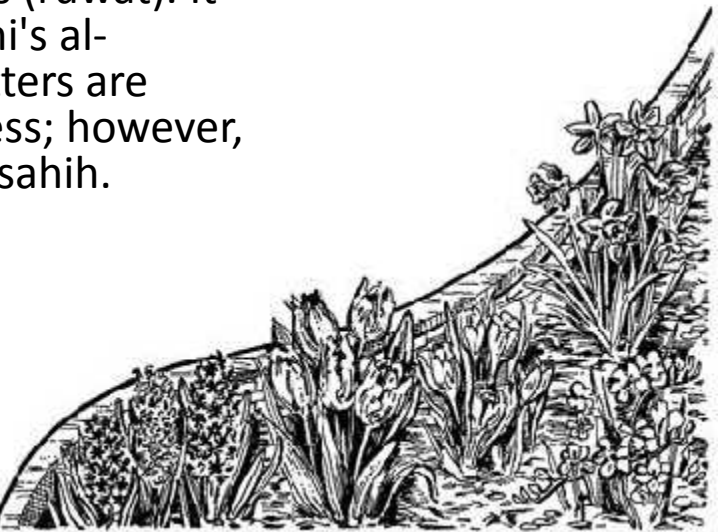
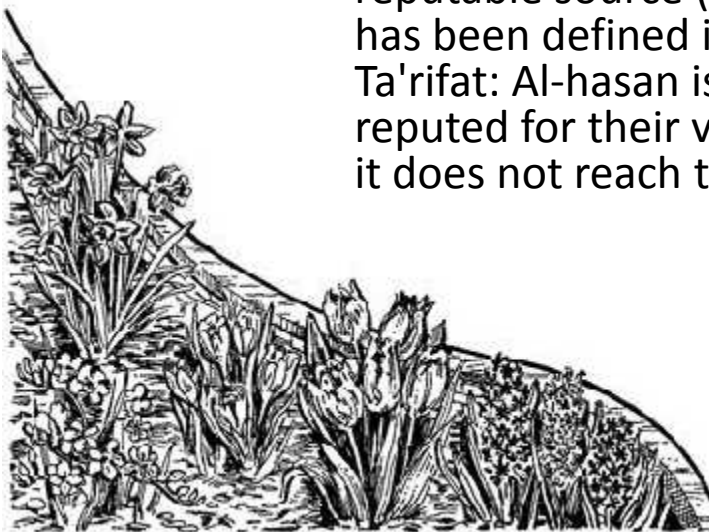
Kinds of Hadith

According to narrators

1. Mutawatir ,2.Mashoor, 3.khabar al wahid.

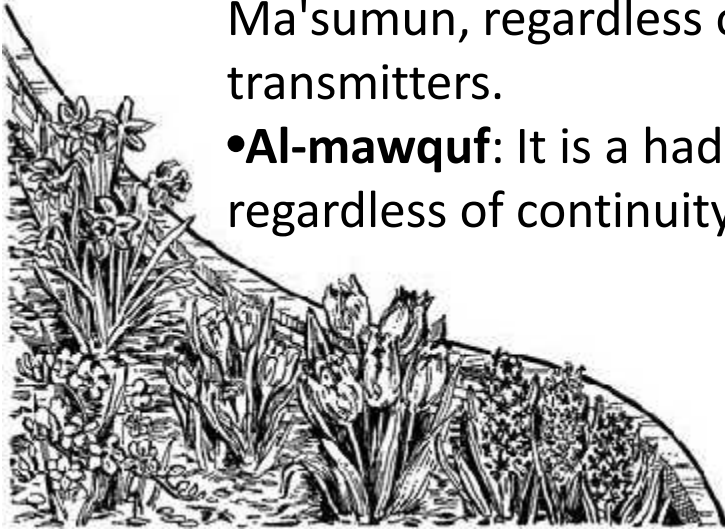
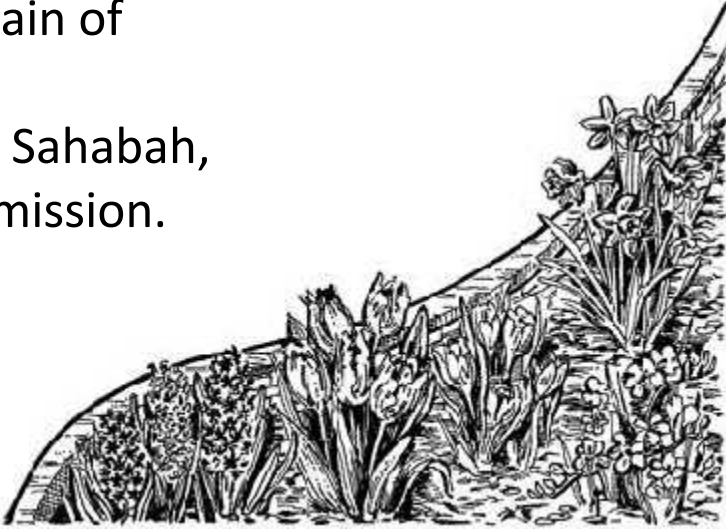
Al-sahih: It is a hadith free of any kind of fault related by several continuous chains of veracious transmitters with more than one first recorder (ruwat 'adilun, dabitun ghayr shawadhdh).

Al-hasan: It is a hadith which is well-known, and with reputable source (makhraj) and transmitters (ruwat). It has been defined in these words in al-Jurjani's al-Ta'rifat: Al-hasan is a hadith whose transmitters are reputed for their veracity and trustworthiness; however, it does not reach the station of al-hadith al-sahih.






Introduction to Hadith

- **Al-da'if:** It is a hadith which does not have the qualities of either al sahih or al-hasan.
 - **Al-musnad:** It is a hadith whose chain of transmission goes right up to the Holy Prophet.
 - **Al-muttasil (mawsul):** It is a hadith whose all links in transmission are mentioned by the later transmitters.
 - **Al-marfu':** It is a hadith which reaches one of the Ma'sumun, regardless of continuity in the chain of transmitters.
 - **Al-mawquf:** It is a hadith which reaches the Sahabah, regardless of continuity in the chain of transmission.
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Classification of books of Ahadith

1. Sahih
 2. Sihah al Sittah
 3. Jamai
 4. Sunan
 5. Mustakhrij
 6. Mustadrik
- 
- 



Preservation of Hadith

1. 1st Century A.H : The Sahaba's period
2. 2nd Century A.H : The period of Tabiens
3. 3rd Century A.H : The period of Tabi
Tabiens

